Claims

We claim:

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

- A method of converting interlaced video signals to progressive video signals,
 said method comprising:
 - a) receiving an interlaced video signal representing a luma component specifying luma lines and a chroma component specifying chroma lines, wherein said chroma component specifies approximately one-half the number of lines of said luma component;
 - b) decoding said interlaced video signal and increasing the number of said chroma lines to approximately the same as the number of said luma lines;
 - c) decreasing the number of said chroma lines of said interlaced video
 signal back to approximately one-half of the number of said luma lines, whereby said
 increasing of chroma lines is substantially reversed;
 - d) deinterlacing said interlaced video signal, whereby said deinterlacing results in a progressive video signal representing a luma component specifying luma lines and a chroma component specifying chroma lines; and
 - e) further processing said progressive video signal.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said step (e) comprises making substantially
- 2 equal the number of said luma lines and the number of said chroma lines of said
- 3 progressive video signal.
- 1 3. The method of claim 2, wherein said step (e) further comprises vertical format
- 2 converting said progressive video signal for displaying on a display having a vertical
- 3 resolution different from that of said progressive video signal.
- 1 4. The method of claim 2, wherein said step (e) further comprises providing said
- 2 processed progressive video signal to an imaging system.
- 1 5. The method of claim 4, wherein said imaging system comprises a liquid
- 2 crystal on silicon imager.

- 1 6. The method of claim 4, wherein said imaging system further comprises a high
- 2 definition television receiver.
- 1 7. The method of claim 1, wherein said interlaced video signal of said step (a) is
- 2 a 4:2:0 formatted video signal.
- 1 8. The method of claim 1, wherein said step (b) results in an interlaced 4:2:2
- 2 formatted video signal.
- 1 9. The method of claim 1, wherein said step (c) results in an interlaced 4:2:0
- 2 formatted video signal.
- 1 10. A method of converting interlaced Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG)
- 2 video signals to progressive video signals, said method comprising:
- 3 receiving an interlaced 4:2:0 formatted video signal;
- 4 decoding said interlaced 4:2:0 formatted video signal and converting said
- 5 video signal to an interlaced 4:2:2 formatted video signal;
- 6 re-converting said interlaced 4:2:2 formatted video signal to an interlaced
- 7 4:2:0 formatted video signal; and
- 8 deinterlacing said interlaced 4:2:0 formatted video signal resulting in a 4:2:0
- 9 formatted progressive video signal.
- 1 11. A method of converting interlaced video signals to progressive video signals,
- 2 said method comprising:
- 3 a) receiving an interlaced video signal representing a luma component
- 4 specifying luma lines and a chroma component specifying non-interpolated chroma
- 5 lines:
- 6 b) decoding said interlaced video signal and interpolating said non-
- 7 interpolated chroma lines to produce a processed chroma component specifying
- 8 interpolated and said non-interpolated chroma lines;

- 9 c) deinterlacing said decoded interlaced video signal based on said luma
 10 lines and said non-interpolated chroma lines, whereby said deinterlacing results in a
 11 progressive video signal representing a luma component specifying luma lines and a
 12 chroma component specifying chroma lines; and
- 13 d) further processing said progressive video signal.
- 1 12. The method of claim 11, wherein said step (c) comprises ignoring said
- 2 interpolated chroma lines.
- 1 13. The method of claim 11, wherein said step (d) comprises making substantially
- 2 equal the number of said luma lines and the number of said chroma lines of said
- 3 progressive video signal.
- 1 14. The method of claim 13, wherein said step (d) further comprises vertical
- 2 format converting said progressive video signal for displaying on a display having a
- 3 vertical resolution different from that of said progressive video signal.
- 1 15. The method of claim 14, wherein said step (d) further comprises providing
- 2 said vertical format converted progressive video signal to an imaging system.
- 1 16. The method of claim 15, wherein said imaging system comprises a liquid
- 2 crystal on silicon imager.
- 1 17. The method of claim 15, wherein said imaging system further comprises a
- 2 high definition television receiver.
- 1 18. The method of claim 11, wherein said interlaced video signal of said step (a)
- 2 is a 4:2:0 formatted video signal.
- 1 19. The method of claim 11, wherein said step (b) results in a 4:2:2 formatted
- 2 video signal which represents at least in part said processed chroma component
- 3 specifying alternate said interpolated chroma and said non-interpolated chroma,

- 4 such that said processed chroma component includes all of said non-interpolated
- 5 chroma lines.
- 1 20. The method of claim 11, wherein said step (c) results in a 4:2:0 formatted
- 2 video signal.
- 1 21. The method of claim 20, wherein said step (d) comprises converting said
- 2 4:2:0 formatted progressive video signal to a 4:2:2 formatted video signal.
- 1 22. A Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG) decoder comprising a chroma
- 2 vertical interpolator configured to receive an interlaced video signal representing a
- 3 luma component specifying luma lines and a chroma component specifying non-
- 4 interpolated chroma lines, and to decode said interlaced video signal and interpolate
- 5 said non-interpolated chroma lines to produce a processed chroma component
- 6 specifying interpolated and said non-interpolated chroma lines.
- 1 23. The Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG) decoder of claim 22, wherein said
- 2 processed chroma component specifies alternate said interpolated chroma lines and
- 3 said non-interpolated chroma lines, such that said processed chroma component
- 4 includes all of said non-interpolated chroma lines.
- 1 24. A system for converting interlaced Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG)
- 2 video signals to progressive video signals, said system comprising:
- a decoder configured to receive an interlaced video signal representing a
- 4 luma component specifying luma lines and a chroma component specifying chroma
- 5 lines, wherein said chroma component specifies approximately one-half the number
- 6 of lines of said luma component, and to decode said interlaced video signal and
- 7 increase the number of said chroma lines to approximately the same as the number
- 8 of said luma lines; and
- 9 a deinterlacer configured to first decrease the number of said chroma lines of
- 10 said interlaced video signal back to approximately one-half of the number of said

1

- luma lines, whereby said increase of chroma lines is substantially reversed, and then 11 to deinterlace said interlaced video signal. 12 The system of claim 24, further comprising: 1 25. a processor configured to process said deinterlaced video signal for display 2 3 on a predetermined imager; and a liquid crystal on silicon imager for displaying said deinterlaced video signal. 4 The system of claim 24, further comprising: 1 26. a high definition television receiver configured to further process said 2 deinterlaced video signal. 3 A system for converting interlaced Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG) 27. 1 video signals to progressive video signals, said system comprising: 2 a decoder configured to receive an interlaced video signal representing a 3 luma component specifying luma lines and a chroma component specifying non-4 interpolated chroma lines, and decode said interlaced video signal and interpolate 5 said non-interpolated chroma lines to produce a processed chroma component 6 specifying interpolated and said non-interpolated chroma lines; and 7 a deinterlacer configured to deinterlace said decoded interlaced video signal 8 based on said luma lines and said non-interpolated chroma lines. 9 The system of claim 27, further comprising: 28. 1 a liquid crystal on silicon imager for displaying said deinterlaced video signal. 2
 - 29. The system of claim 27, further comprising:
 - a high definition television receiver having a liquid crystal on silicon imager for
 - 3 displaying said deinterlaced video signal.